

Full Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Test the series for convergence or divergence using the **Alternating Series Test**.

(a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{3n-1}{2n+1}$$

$$b_n = \frac{3n-1}{2n-1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (b_n) = \frac{3}{2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left((-1)^n \frac{3n-1}{2n+1} \right) \text{ DNE} \neq 0$$

The series diverges by the n^{th} term test.

(b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n^2}{n^3+4}$$
 ① $b_n = \frac{n^2}{n^3+4} > 0$ for each n .

② $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^3+4} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{2x(x^3+4) - 3x^2(x^2)}{(x^3+4)^2} = \frac{4-x^4}{(x^3+4)^2}$

This is less than zero for $x \geq 2$ $\{b_n\}$ is decreasing for $n \geq 2$.

③ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{n^3+4} = 0$

Therefore by AST the series converges.

(c)
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\cos(n\pi) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = \text{even} \\ -1 & \text{if } n = \text{odd} \end{cases}$$

$$\hookrightarrow = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

① $b_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} > 0$ for each n

② $b_{n+1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = b_n$

③ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = 0$

By AST the series converges.