

Solve the following nonhomogeneous heat equation problem

$$u_t = u_{xx} + x e^{-t}, \quad u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(1, t) = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = 5.$$

Soln: Comparing this system with the general system, we get

$$r(x) = 1, \quad f(x) = 5, \quad F(x, t) = x e^{-t}$$

We want to find the eigenvalues/eigenfunctions of the corresponding eigenvalue problem

$$X'' + \lambda X = 0, \quad X(0) = 0, \quad X(1) = 0.$$

We have found them as

$$X_n(x) = \sin(n\pi x), \quad \lambda_n = n^2 \pi^2 \quad \text{for } n \geq 1$$

Solution is  $u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n(t) \phi_n(x)$ . For

we normalize the eigenfunctions  $\{\sin(n\pi x)\}$ ,

we get  $\phi_n(x) = \sqrt{2} \sin(n\pi x), n \geq 1$ .

Next we find  $B_n$  as

$$B_n = \int_0^1 r(x) f(x) \phi_n(x) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{2} [1 - (-1)^n]}{n\pi}.$$

→

$$\text{Next } \gamma_n(t) = \int_0^1 x e^{-t} \sqrt{2} \sin(n\pi x) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} e^{-t} \int_0^1 x \sin(n\pi x) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} e^{-t} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} \quad (\text{IBP})$$

$$= K_n e^{-t}, \quad \text{where } K_n = \frac{\sqrt{2} (-1)^{n+1}}{n\pi} \quad (\text{say})$$

$$\text{So } b_n(t) = B_n e^{-\lambda_n t} + \int_0^t e^{-\lambda_n(t-s)} \gamma_n(s) ds$$

$$= B_n e^{-\lambda_n t} + K_n e^{-\lambda_n t} \int_0^t e^{\lambda_n s} e^{-s} ds$$

$$= B_n e^{-\lambda_n t} + K_n e^{-\lambda_n t} \int_0^t e^{(\lambda_n - 1)s} ds$$

$$= B_n e^{-\lambda_n t} + K_n e^{-\lambda_n t} \frac{(e^{(\lambda_n - 1)t} - 1)}{(\lambda_n - 1)}$$

$$= B_n e^{-\lambda_n t} + K_n \frac{(e^{-t} - e^{-\lambda_n t})}{(\lambda_n - 1)}$$

Hence the solution is

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n(t) \phi_n(x) \quad \text{where}$$

$\phi_n(x)$  and  $b_n(t)$  are found above.